

GREISINGER



Operating manual Conductivity measuring device with data logger

as of version 1.0

GMH 3451





- Please carefully read these instructions before use!
- Please consider the safety instructions!
- Please keep for future reference!



WEEE-Reg.-Nr. DE 93889386



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1 General Note

Read this document carefully and get used to the operation of the device before you use it. Keep this document within easy reach near the device for consulting in case of doubt.

Mounting, start-up, operating, maintenance and removing from operation must be done by qualified, specially trained staff that have carefully read and understood this manual before starting any work.

The manufacturer will assume no liability or warranty in case of usage for other purpose than the intended one, ignoring this manual, operating by unqualified staff as well as unauthorized modifications to the device. The manufacturer is not liable for any costs or damages incurred at the user or third parties because of the usage or application of this device, in particular in case of improper use of the device, misuse or malfunction of the connection or of the device.

The manufacturer is not liable for misprints.

2 Safety

2.1 Intended Use

The device is designed for measuring conductivity, resistivity, salinity and TDS – using a permanently connected electrode (measuring cell).

Generally a suitable temperature sensor is included to the electrode. The measured temperature is used for the automatic temperature compensation (e.g. Lin or nIF) and is additionally displayed.

The safety requirements (see below) have to be observed.

The device must be used only according to its intended purpose and under suitable conditions.

Use the device carefully and according to its technical data (do not throw it, strike it, etc.)

Protect the device from dirt.

2.2 Safety signs and symbols

Warnings are labeled in this document with the followings signs:



Caution! This symbol warns of imminent danger, death, serious injuries and significant damage to property at non-observance.



Attention! This symbol warns of possible dangers or dangerous situations which can provoke damage to the device or environment at non-observance.



Note! This symbol point out processes which can indirectly influence operation or provoke unforeseen reactions at non-observance.

2.3 Safety guidelines

This device has been designed and tested in accordance with the safety regulations for electronic devices. However, its trouble-free operation and reliability cannot be guaranteed unless the standard safety measures and special safety advises given in this manual will be adhered to when using the device.

 Trouble-free operation and reliability of the device can only be guaranteed if the device is not subjected to any other climatic conditions than those stated under "Specification".
 If the device is transported from a cold to a warm environment condensation may cause in a failure of the function. In such a case make sure the device temperature has adjusted to the ambient temperature before trying a new start-up. 2.

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If there is a risk whatsoever involved in running it, the device has to be switched off immediately and to be marked accordingly to avoid re-starting.

Operator safety may be a risk if:

- there is visible damage to the device
- the device is not working as specified
- the device has been stored under unsuitable conditions for a longer time. In case of doubt, please return device to manufacturer for repair or maintenance.
- When connecting the device to other devices the connection has to be designed most thoroughly as internal connections in third-party devices (e.g. connection GND with protective earth) may lead to undesired voltage potentials that can lead to malfunctions or destroying of the GMH 5155 and the connected devices.



This device must not be run with a defective or damaged power supply unit. Danger to life due to electrical shock!

4.

Do not use these products as safety or emergency stop devices or in any other application where failure of the product could result in personal injury or material damage. Failure to comply with these instructions could result in death or serious injury and material damage.

5. DANGER

This device must not be used at potentially explosive areas! The usage of this device at potentially explosive areas increases danger of deflagration, explosion or fire due to sparking.

3 Product Specification

3.1 Scope of supply

The scope of supply includes:

- GMH 3451, incl. 9V-battery
- Operating manual

3.2 Operation and maintenance advice

1. Battery operation:

If \triangle and 'bAt' is shown in the lower display the battery has been used up and needs to be replaced. However, the device will operate correctly for a certain time. If 'bAt' is shown in the upper display the voltage is too low to operate the device; the battery has been completely used up.



The battery has to be taken out, when storing device above 50°C. We recommend taking out battery if device is not used for a longer period of time.

After recommissioning the real-time clock has to be set again.

2. Mains operation with power supply:



When using a power supply please note that operating voltage has to be 10.5 to 12 V DC. Do not apply overvoltage!! Cheap 12V-power supplies often have excessive no-load voltage. We, therefore, recommend using regulated voltage power supplies.

Trouble-free operation is guaranteed by our power supply GNG10/3000. Prior to connecting the power supply to the mains make sure that the operating voltage stated at the power supply is identical to the mains voltage.

3. Treat device and sensor carefully. Use only in accordance with above specification. (do not throw, hit against etc.). Protect plug and socket from soiling.

1

4 Handling

4.1 Display elements



Main display: conductivity (mS/cm, µS/cm)

resistivity (kΩcm)

TDS / total dissolved solids (mg/l)

salinity (SAL)

2 Secondary display: measuring value temperature

3 Arrows to selected measuring unit

Warning signal: indicates low battery or missing

calibration

5 Display elements to show minimum / maximum /

memorized measuring value

6 **nLF, Lin**: display element for selected

temperature compensation

7 %/K, 1/cm: additional configuration units

logg-arrow: logger is ready

8 arrow flashing: automatic recording (Logg CYCL) is

active

4.2 Pushbuttons



On / Off key

ON

+

press shortly: switch on/off instrument

Set / Menu:

press shortly: change-over between measuring units

(only if "InP: SEt" is selected)

press for 2 sec. (menu): invoke configuration menu

min/max when taking measurements:

press shortly: min. or max. value is displayed press for 2 sec: the corresponding value is deleted

Configuration:

to enter values or change settings

CAL: only at mode 'cond'=conductivity:

press for 2 sec: start cell correction adjustment

Store/Quit:

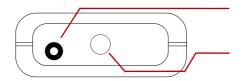
Logger off: hold and save current measuring value

('HLD' is displayed)

Logger on: Operation of data logger – chapter 8

Set/Menu: confirm settings, return to measuring

4.3 Connections



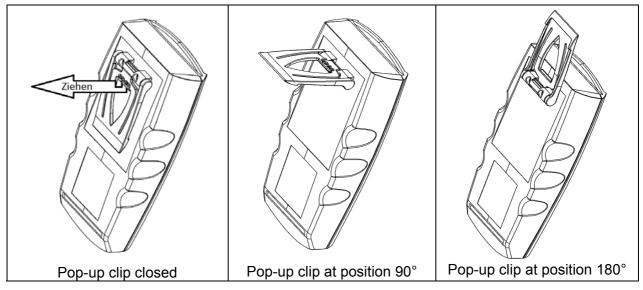
Universal output: interface, analog output (see chapter 9 "Universal output")

Permanently connected measuring cell with integrated temperature probe

4.4 Pop-up clip

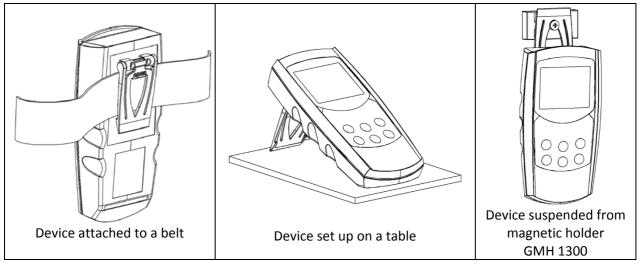
Handling:

- Pull at label "open" in order to swing open the pop-up clip.
- Pull at label "open" again to swing open the pop-up clip further.



Function:

- The device with a closed pop-up clip can be plainly laid onto a table or attached to a belt, etc.
- The device with pop-up clip at position 90° can be set up on a table, etc.
- The device with pop-up clip at position 180° can be suspended from a screw or the magnetic holder GMH 1300.



Start Operation

Turn device on via



After segment test the device displays some information on its configuration:

5EL if cell correction scale was changed (cell correction scale unequal 1.000) (see chapter 11 Automatic adjustment/calibration of cell correction)

Local if zero point or slope correction is active (see chapter 10 Adjustment of temperature input)

After that the device is ready for measuring.

Principles of the measurements

6.1 Basics about conductivity

Definition of conductivity γ : The ability of a material to conduct electric current: $\gamma = \frac{1}{R_0 \Delta}$

1: length of the material

diameter A:

R: measured resistance

Unit
$$[\gamma] = \frac{\text{Siemens}}{\text{meter}} = \frac{\text{S}}{\text{m}}$$
, common for liquids: $\frac{\text{mS}}{\text{cm}}$ and $\frac{\mu \text{S}}{\text{cm}}$. The conductivity is the reciprocal value of the resistivity.

(The conductance is the reciprocal value of the measured resistance R)

6.2 Conductivity measurement

The conductivity measurement is a rather uncomplicated measurement. The standard electrodes are stable for a long time if used correctly and can be adjusted by an integrated Cal-function.

Measuring ranges: 0,0 - 200,0 μS/cm | 0 - 2000 μS/cm | 0,00 - 20,0 mS/cm | 0,0 - 200,0 mS/cm | 0 - 400 mS/cm

If the range selection is set to "Auto Range", the range with the best resolution is automatically selected. However, logger or interface operation requires a manual/fixed selection of the measuring range from the table above (No logger/interface operation with Auto-range!).

6.3 Resistivity measurement

The resistivity is the reciprocal value of the conductivity and the device displays it in kOhm•cm.

Measuring ranges: 0,000 - 2,000 kOhm*cm | 0,00 - 20,00 kOhm*cm | 0,0 - 100,0 kOhm*cm

If the range selection is set to "Auto Range", the range with the best resolution is automatically selected. However, logger or interface operation requires a manual/fixed selection of the measuring range from the table above (No logger/interface operation with Auto-range!).

6.4 TDS measurement

At the TDS (total dissolved solids) measurement the filtrate dry residue is determined by means of the conductivity and a conversion factor (C.tdS). Well suited for easy concentration measurements of e.g. salt solutions. The determined value is displayed in mg/l.

Measuring ranges: $0.0 - 200.0 \text{ mg/l} \mid 0 - 2000 \text{ mg/l}$

Displayed value TDS = conductivity [in µs/cm, nLF-temp. comp. at 25°C] • C.tdS (input at menu)

Approximately:

C.tdS	
0.50	Monovalent salts with 2 ion types (NaCl, KCl, etc.)
0.50	Natural waters / surface waters, drinking water
0.65 - 0.70	e.g. salt concentration of aqueous fertilizer solutions

Attention: This are only approximate values – good for estimations, but no precise measurement. For precise measurements the conversion value has to be determined for the corresponding solution for the relevant concentration range.

This may be done by comparison with known reference solutions or by actually evaporating a certain amount of solution with determined conductivity and subsequent weighing of the dry residue.

6.5 Salinity measurement

At the salinity measurement "SAL" the salinity (salt content) of seawater is determined (based on: International Oceanographic Tables; IOT). Standard seawater has a salinity of 35 % (35 g salt per 1 kg seawater).

Commonly the measured value is displayed dimensionless in ‰ (g/kg).

Additionally the term "PSU" (Practical Salinity Unit) is sometimes used, the displayed value is the same. The salinity measurement has its "own" temperature compensation, i.e. the temperature is automatically taken into account for the salinity measurement. The menu settings regarding the temperature compensation are ignored.

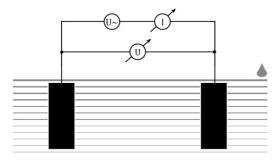


Attention: The salt composition of the different seas is not the identical. Depending on place, weather, tides, etc. there may be considerable divergences to the 35 % according to IOT. Additionally the salt composition may influence the ratio between salinity and actual salt content.

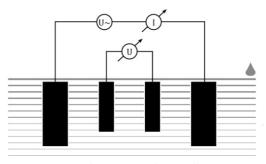
6.6 Electrodes / measuring cells

6.6.1 Design

Basically there are two types of measuring cells: 2-pole and 4-pole cells. The operation is done similarly; the 4-pole measuring cells can compensate polarization effects and – up to some degree – soiling due to its complex measuring method.



2-pole measuring cell



4-pole measuring cell

6.7 Temperature compensation

The conductivity of aqueous solutions depends on its temperature. The temperature dependency is strongly dependent on the type of solution. The temperature compensation recalculates solutions' conductivity to a consistent reference temperature. The most common reference temperature is 25 °C.

6.7.1 Temperature compensation "nLF" according to EN 27888

For most applications (e.g. in the area of fish farming, surface or drinking water measurements, etc.) the non-linear temperature compensation for natural water ("nLF", according to EN 27888) is sufficiently accurate. The common reference temperature is 25 °C.

Recommended application range of nLF-compensation: between 60 µS/cm and 1000 µS/cm.

6.7.2 Linear temperature compensation and determination of temperature coefficient "t.Lin"

If the actual function needed for exact temperature compensation is not known, "linear temperature compensation" is normally selected (Menu, t.Cor = Lin, t.Lin corresponds TK_{lin}), i.e. one assumes that the actual temperature dependency at the considered concentration range is approximately equal:

$$\mathrm{LF}_{\mathrm{Tref}} = \frac{\mathrm{LF}_{\mathrm{Tx}}}{1 + \frac{\mathrm{TK}_{\mathrm{lin}}}{100\%} \bullet (\mathrm{Tx} - \mathrm{Tref})}$$

Temperature coefficient of about 2.0 %/K are most common.

A temperature coefficient can be determined for example by measuring a solution with deactivated temperature compensation at two different temperatures (T1 and T2).

$$TK_{lin} = \frac{(LF_{T1} - LF_{T2}) \bullet 100\%}{(T1 - T2) \bullet LF_{T1}}$$

 $\mathsf{TK}_{\mathsf{lin}}$ is the value input at the menu "t.Lin".

LF_{T1} conductivity at temperature T1

LF_{T2} conductivity at temperature T2

Configuration



Some menu points depend on current device settings (e.g. some points are locked if logger memory contains data sets).

To change device's settings, press "Menu" for 2 seconds. This will activate the configuration menu (main display: "SEt"). Pressing "Menu" changes between the menus points, pressing jumps to the referring parameters, which can be selected with key.



Pressing "menu" and "store" at the same time for more than 2 seconds will reset the device to factory defaults.

If there are data sets stored and logger is set to "manual recording" ("Func Stor") the first menu point displayed is "rEAd Logg" (see chapter "8 Data Logger")

If no key is pressed for more than 2 minutes the configuration will be aborted. All changes will be discarded!

Mani	onu Parameter Value Description				
Menu	Parameter	Value	Description		
Set Menu	CAL 3	or 5 min			
rERd			al recordings,		
L088	see chapt	er 8.1 Manual	recording ("Func-Stor")		
C C 1	Set Config		eral configuration		
SEŁ		Input: Selection of measured variable		**	
[onF		Cond	Conductivity		
	1 _ 0	rESi	Resistivity		
	li nr	tdS	Total dissolved solids		
		SAL	Salinity		
		SEt	Change-over measured variables by Set-key		
	[[] [[TDS measure	ment: conversion factor (only if Inp = tdS)		
	[.Ł d 5	0.40 - 1.00	Conversion factor for TDS measurement		
			ustment of cell correction: multiplication factor		
	/[ELLY	0.800 -	Multiplication factor of cell correction		
	Corr	1.200	Factory setting: 1.000		
	LUII				
			tion of display range (conductivity, resistivity or tdS)		
	пг	Auto	Automatic range selection		
	r Rn 6	200.0 μS/cm	Lowest selectable range (conductivity)		
	·_ · · · · •				
		400 mS/cm	Highest selectable range (conductivity)		
	רחו		justment/calibration with reference solution (only if Inp = Cond)		
	[RL	Edit	Manual adjustment to reference value		
		REF.S	Choice of standard reference solutions		
			e of standard reference solutions for automatic adjustment/cal.		
		1413 μS/cm	Reference solution 0.01 M KCL		
	r EF.S	2760 µS/cm	0.02 M KCL		
	1 61.4		0.1 M KCL		
		50 mS/cm	Sea-water reference solution KCL		
			1 M KCL		
	Unrt		on of temperature unit		
		°C	All temperature values in degree Celsius		
	Ł	°F	All temperature values in degree Fahrenheit		
		Temperature of	compensation (not for InP = SAL)		
	J		No temperature compensation of conductivity measurement		
	Ł.Cor	nLF	Non-linear function for natural waters according to EN 27888		
	~.~ ~,		(ISO 7888), ground, surface and drinking water		
		Lin	Linear temperature compensation		
	1		n coefficient (only if t.Cor = Lin)		
	Ł.L. n	0.300 3.000	Temperature compensation coefficient in %/K		<u>L</u>

	T				
Menu	Parameter	Value	Description		
Set Menu	CAL	or ₅ min			
c c .	, , , , , ,		perature of temperature compensation (only if t.Cor = Lin or nLF)		
566	ት	25 °C / 77 °F	Reference temperature 25 °C / 77 °F		
[anF	Ł.r.	20 °C / 68 °F	Reference temperature 20 °C / 68 °F		
		Adjustment/Ca	alibration: Adjustment reminder period (factory setting: oFF)		
	[, nt	1730	Adjustment reminder period (in days)		
	L. 11L	oFF	No adjustment reminder		
		Auto Hold: Au	tomatic measuring value identification (only if Logger = oFF)		
	But n on		Auto measuring value identification (only if Logger = oFF) Auto Hold		
		oFF	Standard hold function on keypress (only if Logger = oFF)		
		Auto Power-O	ff : Selection of power-off delay		
	0 55	1120	Power-off delay in minutes.	1	
	P.oFF		Device will be automatically switched off as soon as this time has		
	1011		elapsed if no key is pressed/no interface communication takes place.		
		oFF	Automatic power-off function deactivated (continuous operation)		
	Set Outpu	t: Configuration	on of universal output		
SEŁ OUŁ		oFF	Interface and analog output off -> minimal power consumption		
OUE	Out	SEr:	Serial interface activated		
	205	dAC:	Analog output activated		
	01-	01,1191	Base address for serial interface communication		
	Rdr.			L l	
	Jorn	0.0 μS/cm	Measuring value that should correspond to output 0 V		
		400 mS/cm	e.g. for 0.0 µS/cm		
	ו זמנ	0.0 μS/cm	Measuring value that should correspond to output 1 V		
	006.1	400 mS/cm	e.g. for 100.0 mS/cm		
c c .	Set Corr: I	Measurement	correction	**	
SEŁ	0555	Zero point adj	ustment / offset of temperature measurement	**	
[orr	OFF5	oFF	No zero point adjustment for temperature measurement		
	י	-5.0 5.0°C	Offset of temperature measurement in °C		
	CCOL	Slope adjustm	ent of temperature measurement	**	
	51 Hl off	No slope adjustment for temperature measurement			
	26116	-5.00 5.00	Slope correction of temperature measurement in [%]		
C C 1	Set Alarm		n of alarm function		
SEŁ	nı ı	On / No.So	Measuring channel cond/rES/TDS/SAL: alarm on with buzzer / without		
RL.	RL. I		buzzer		
	8 44	OFF	No alarm function for measuring channel cond/rES/TDS/SAL		
	$H : \mathbb{R}_{>0}$	0.0 μS/cm 400 mS/cm	Min-alarm limit for cond/rES/TDS/SAL (not if AL. 1. oFF)		
	<u>n. i.L o</u>		May along limit for conducto/TDC/CAL (a at it AL 4 a EE)		
	K. l.K.	0.0 μS/cm 400 mS/cm	Max-alarm limit for cond/rES/TDS/SAL (not if AL. 1. oFF)		
	71, 1,111	On / No.So	Temperature measurement: alarm on with huzzer / without huzzer		
	יא או	OFF	Temperature measurement: alarm on with buzzer / without buzzer No alarm function for temperature measurement		
	7777	-5.0+100.0 °C			
	K.C.L o	3.0 + 100.0	Will-cliann limit for temperature (Hot II AL. 2. UFF)		
	7777	-5.0+100.0 °C	Max-alarm limit for limit temperature (not if AL. 2. oFF)		
	ቪርሽ፣		max alam mine for mine comporation (not if AL. 2. of 1)		
	Set Logge	r: Configuration	on of logger function	**	
SEŁ	20. 20990	Selection of lo		*	
L 0 6 6	[oFF	No logger activated		
	Func	Stor	Store: Manual recording		
		CYCL	Cyclic: Cyclic logger		
		D.D4 60.00	Cycle time in [minutes:seconds] (for cyclic logger)	**	
	[U[!	0:01 60:00	1		
CCL	Set Clock:	Einstellen de	r Echtzeituhr		
SEŁ	Set Clock:				
SE E	Set Clock:	Einstellen de HH:MM	r Echtzeituhr Clock: set time hours:minutes		
SE Ł	Set Clock:	Einstellen de	r Echtzeituhr		
SE Ł CLOC	Set Clock:	Einstellen de HH:MM YYYY	r Echtzeituhr Clock: set time hours:minutes Year: set year		
SE Ł CLOC	Set Clock:	Einstellen de HH:MM	r Echtzeituhr Clock: set time hours:minutes		
[LOC	CLOC YERr dRLE	Einstellen de HH:MM YYYY TT.MM	r Echtzeituhr Clock: set time hours:minutes Year: set year Date: set date day.month		
r E R d	CLOC YERr dRLE read cal	Einstellen de HH:MM YYYY TT.MM Read calibra	r Echtzeituhr Clock: set time hours:minutes Year: set year Date: set date day.month tion data:		
CLOC	CLOC YERr dRLE read cal	Einstellen de HH:MM YYYY TT.MM Read calibra	r Echtzeituhr Clock: set time hours:minutes Year: set year Date: set date day.month		

- (*) If logger memory contains data sets parameters marked with (*) cannot be called. You have to clear memory to change these parameters!
- (**) If logger is running parameters marked with (**) cannot be called.

8 Data Logger



No logger operation possible with auto-range! The measuring range has to be selected explicitly – see chapter 7 "Configuration" - เกิดอ์

The device supports two different logger functions:

"Func-stor": Manual recording by keypress "store"

Additional input of measuring point (L-Id) is needed

"Func-CYCL": Automatic recording at intervals of set cycle time

The logger stores 2 measuring values per data set.

One data set consists of: meas. value cond/rES/TDS/SAL (one of them)

meas. value temperature

measuring point L-Id (only for "Func-Stor")

time and date (when data set is saved)

For the evaluation of the data the software GSOFT3050 (version V3.0 or higher) has to be used. The software also allows easy configuration and starting of the logger.

When the logger is activated (Func Stor or Func CYCL) the hold function is no more available, the key "store" is solely used for the operation of the logger functions.

8.1 Manual recording ("Func-Stor")

a) Save measurements manually:

Up to 1000 measurements can be saved if logger function "Func store" is selected. (see "Configuration"):



Press "Store" shortly: data set is saved ("St. XX" is displayed shortly, where XX is the number of the data set)

Input of the measuring point "L-Id": Selection of measuring point via keys or Number 0...19999 or text assigned to number 1...40 (comfortable assignment of texts can be done with gratis software GMHKonfig)

Confirm input with

If logger storage is full, the following is displayed:

b) Read manual recordings:

Saved data sets can be viewed both with PC-software GSOFT3050 and directly on the device display.



max

oder

Press "menu" for 2 seconds: r [] is displayed



"rEAd LoGG" is only displayed if data sets have been already stored! Otherwise the configuration menu is displayed: 5 £ £

Press shortly: Change between measuring values, measuring point and date+time of the currently selected data set

Quit display of recordings

c) Clear manual recordings:

If data sets have been stored, they can be deleted with the "store" key:

Change between different data sets

Store Press "store" for 2 seconds: Call menu "Clear"

Select with: 2max or 5min or 5min

[Lr	Clear nothing (cancel)
[Lr ALL	Clear all data sets
[Lr LRSE	Clear the latest data set

Store

Confirm selection and quit menu "Clear"

8.2 Automatic recording with selectable cycle time "Func CYCL"

If logger function "Func CYCL" is selected (see "Configuration") the device will automatically record measuring values at intervals of the set cycle time.

The logger's cycle time can be set from 1s to 60min (see "Configuration").

Up to 10000 measurements can be saved if logger function "Func CYCL" is selected.

a) Start recording:

Press "store" for 2 seconds: Start menu, press again: automatic recording is started Each storage process is signaled by shortly displaying "St.XXXX", where XXXX is the number of the saved data set.

If the logger memory is full, the recording stops automatically and the display shows $\frac{1}{F}$

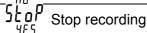
b) Stop recording:

Store Quit

Press "store" for 2 seconds: If recording is running the "stop" menu is displayed



בר וֹי Do not stop recording (cancel)



Store Quit

If recording is running the "stop" menu is displayed



If you try to switch off the device while cyclic recording is active you will be asked whether the recording should really be stopped.

The device can only be switched off if the recording is stopped. Auto-off function is deactivated as long as cyclic recording is active.

c) Clear recordings:



Press "store" for 2 seconds:

If there are data sets stored and recording is already stopped the menu "Clear" is displayed

Select with smax or ...

Do not stop recording (cancel)

Clear all data sets

Clear latest data set

Store

Confirm selection and quit menu "Clear"

9 Universal output

The output can be used as serial interface (for USB 3100, USB 3100 N, GRS 3100 or GRS 3105 interface adapters) or as analog output (0-1V).

If none of both is needed, we suggest to switch the output off, because battery life then is extended.

9.1 Serial Interface

By means of the serial interface and a suitable electrically isolated interface adapter (USB 3100, USB 3100 N, GRS 3100 or GRS 3105) the device can be connected to a computer for data transfer.

With the GRS 3105 up to 5 devices of the GMH3xxx- series can be connected to one interface (see also manual of GRS 3105). As a precondition the base addresses of all devices must not be identical, make sure to configure the base addresses accordingly (refer menu point "Adr." in chapter 1 "Configuration"). To avoid transmission errors, there are several security checks implemented e.g. CRC.

The following standard software packages are available:

GSOFT3050: Operation and read out of logger function, data display in diagrams and tables
 GMHKonfig: Software for a comfortable editing of the device (e.g. Material selection...)

■ EBS 20M / 60M: 20-/60-channel software to display the measuring values

In case you want to develop your own software we offer a GMH3000-development package including:

- a universally applicable Windows functions library ('GMH3000.DLL') with documentation that can be used
 by the most programming languages. Suitable for Windows XP™, Windows Vista™, Windows 7™
- Programming examples Visual Basic 4.0™, Delphi 1.0™, Testpoint™

In addition to the operation at a PC the device can be operated with the **GAM 3000** device, to use the alarm function for simple supervision and controlling applications. Just connect a GAM 3000 to the interface, activate the alarm function of the GMH and the relays output is operating.

The device has 3 channels:

- Channel 1: current measuring value Cond, rES, TDS oder SAL (base address)
- Channel 2: temperature value



The measuring-/ alarm- and display range values read back from the interface are always in the selected measurement unit!

9.2 Analogue Output

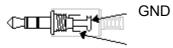
An analog voltage 0-1V can be tapped at the universal output socket (mode: "Out dAC").

With the DAC.0 and DAC.1 values the output can be rapidly scaled to your efforts.

Keep in mind not to connect low-resistive loads to the output, otherwise the output value will be wrong and battery life is decreased. Loads above ca 10kOhm are uncritical.

If the display exceeds the value set by DAC.1, then the device will apply 1V to the output If the display falls below the value set by DAC.0, then the device will apply 0V to the output In case of an error (Err.1, Err.2, no sensor, etc.) the device will apply slightly above 1V to the output.

plug wiring:



Attention!

the 3rd contact has to be left floating! Only stereo plugs are allowed!

10 Adjustment of temperature input

The temperature input can be adjusted with offset and scale. A reasonable adjustment presumes reliable references (e.g. ice water, controlled precision water bath, etc.).

If the inputs are adjusted (i.e. offset and scale are different from default settings) the device will shortly display "Corr" after turned on.

Default setting for offset and scale are 'off' = 0.0, i.e. inputs are not changed.

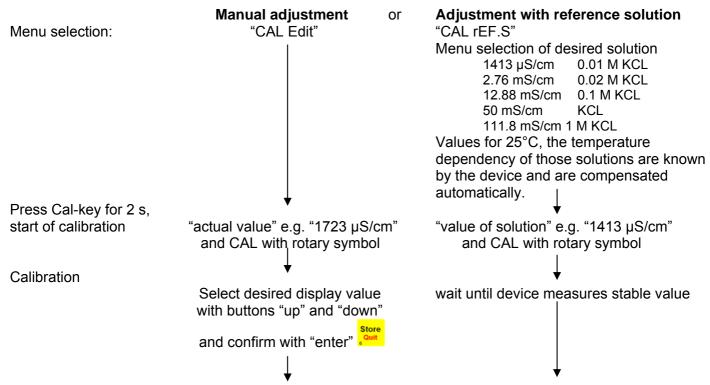
Zero point correction: Displayed value = measured value - OFFS

Zero point and slope correction: Displayed value = (measured value – OFFS) * (1 + SCAL / 100)

Displayed value °F = (meas. value °F - 32°F - OFFS) • (1 + SCAL / 100)

11 Automatic adjustment/calibration of cell correction

Besides the direct input of the cell correction (see below) via the menu ("CELL Corr") the cell correction can also be determined automatically:



Afterwards the device returns to the normal measuring operation mode or – if so – displays an error message.

The resulting cell correction can be seen in the menu at "CELL Corr" and the calibration history.

Error messages of automatic adjustment/calibration:			
CAL Err.1	Cell correction too high	Determined cell correction must not exceed 1.2	
CAL Err.2	Cell correction too small	Determined cell correction must not fall below 0.8	
CAL Err.3	Solution of wrong range	Wrong solution / far beyond tolerance	
CAL Err.4	Wrong temperature	Beyond permitted temperature: 0.0 - 34.0 °C (or 0.0 - 27.0 °C at 111.8 mS/cm)	

Alternative to automatic adjustment:

Manual calculation of cell correction with a reference solution

Example KCl-solution c= 0.01 M: 1413 µS cm⁻¹ at 25°C

At other temperatures switch temperature compensation off (t.Cor = oFF) and use the referring conductivity!

Conductivity _{displayed} = 1500 µS cm⁻¹ if selected cell correction is 1.000 cm⁻¹ (CELL Corr = 1.000)

Conductivity of solution at solution temperature 25 °C: Conductivity real = 1413 µS cm⁻¹

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Cell correction c = conductivity real / conductivity displayed [cm<sup>-1</sup>] = 1413 / 1970 * cm<sup>-1</sup> = 0.942 cm<sup>-1</sup> (Enter CELL Corr of 0.942)
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12 GLP

GLP (Good Laboratory Practice) includes regular check of devices and accessories. For pH measurements it is highly important to ensure correct pH calibration. The device provides the following functions to help with this

12.1 Calibration interval (C.Int)

You can input the interval after which the device reminds you to recalibrate.

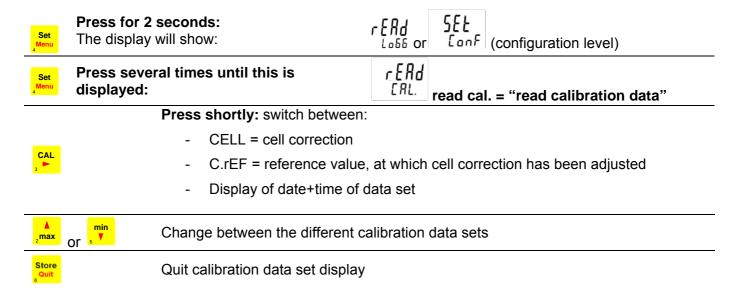
The interval times should be chosen according to the application and the stability of the electrode. "CAL" flashes on the display as soon as the interval has expired.

12.2 Calibration storage (rEAd CAL)

The last 16 calibrations are stored with results and date and can be read out.

Display calibration data:

Historical calibration data can be comfortably read out via PC software GMHKonfig and GSOFT3050 or displayed directly at the device:



13 Alarm ("AL.")

There are 3 possible settings:

off (AL.oFF), on with buzzer (AL.on), on without buzzer (AL.no.So).

Alarm is given in the following cases (if alarm active, AL.on or AL.no.So):

- Lower alarm boundary (AL. Lo) under-run
- Upper alarm boundary (AL. Hi) over-rum
- Sensor error
- Low battery (bAt)
- Err.7: system error (always with buzzer!)

In case of an alarm (and when polling the interface) the 'PRIO'-flag is set in the returned interface message.

14 Real Time Clock ("CLOC")

The real time clock is used for chronological assignment of the logger data and calibration points. Please check the settings when necessary.

15 Accuracy Check / Adjustment Service

You can send the device to the manufacturer for adjustment and inspection.

Calibration certificate - DKD certificate - official certifications:

If the measuring instrument is supposed to receive a calibration certificate, it has to be sent to the manufacturer (declare test points).

If the device is certificated together with a suitable sensor very high overall accuracies are possible.

Basic settings can only be checked and – if necessary – corrected by the manufacturer.

A calibration protocol is enclosed to the device ex works. This documents the precision reached by the production process.

16 Error and System Messages

Error messages for	or measurement	1
	Description	What to do?
No display or	Battery empty	Replace battery
confused characters,	Mains operation: wrong voltage or polarity	Check power supply, replace it if necessary
Device does not	System error	Disconnect battery and power supply, wait shortly, then reconnect
react on keypress	Device defective	Return to manufacturer for repair
Err.1	Measured value above allowable range	Check: pressure not within sensor range? -> measuring value to high!
	Sensor defective	Return to manufacturer for repair
Err.2	Measured value below allowable range	Check: pressure not within sensor range? -> measuring value to low!
	Sensor defective	Return to manufacturer for repair
Err.7	System error	Return to manufacturer for repair
L11.7	Value extremely out of measuring range	Value extremely out of measuring range
	Could not calculate display value	
	measuring range or input range exceeded	Check range parameter
	measured values are instable	Wait for signal regulation of the device
> CAL < CAL flashing in upper display	Either preset calibration interval has expired or last calibration is not valid	Device has to be calibrated!
no Ruto Lo66 rAn6	Logger could not be started	Auto range for the display range is active => change the parameter in the configuration menu
Error messages f	or automatic cell correction adjustmer	nt/calibration:
CAL Err.1	Cell correction too high	Determined cell correction must not exceed 1.2

If "**bAt**" is flashing the battery will be exhausted soon. Further measurements are possible for short time. If "bAt" is displayed continuously the battery is ultimately exhausted and has to be replaced. Further measurements aren't possible any more.

Cell correction too small

Solution of wrong range

Wrong temperature

CAL Err.2

CAL Err.3

CAL Err.4

Determined cell correction must not fall

Wrong solution / far beyond tolerance

 $0.0 - 34.0 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (\text{or} \, 0.0 - 27.0 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, \text{at} \, 111.8 \, \text{mS/cm})$

Beyond permitted temperature:

below 0.8

17 Reshipment and Disposal

17.1 Reshipment



All devices returned to the manufacturer have to be free of any residual of measuring media and other hazardous substances. Measuring residuals at housing or sensor may be a risk for persons or environment



Use an adequate transport package for reshipment, especially for fully functional devices. Please make sure that the device is protected in the package by enough packing materials.

17.2 Disposal instructions



Batteries must not be disposed in the regular domestic waste but at the designated collecting points.

The device must not be disposed in the unsorted municipal waste! Send the device directly to us (sufficiently stamped), if it should be disposed. We will dispose the device appropriate and environmentally sound.

18 Specification

10 opcom	ication	
Measuring	Anzahl	5
ranges	Conductivity 1 *)	0,0 200,0 μS/cm
· ·	" 2*)	0 2000 μS/cm
	" 3 *)	0,00 20,00 mS/cm
	" 4*)	0,0 200,0 mS/cm
	" 5*)	0 400 mS/cm
	Resistivity	0,005 100,0 kOhm*cm
	TDS	0,0 1999 mg/l
	Salinity	0,0 70,0 g/kg (PSU)
	Temperature	-5,0 +100,0 °C
	Tomporataro	23,0 212,0 °F
Accuracy	Conductivity	±0,5% v.MW ±0,3 % FS bzw. ±2 µs/cm
Accuracy	Temperature	±0,2 K
Anschlüsse	Leitfähigkeit,	Permanently connected mesuring cell
Aliscillusse	Temperatur	remailently connected mesuning cell
	Schnittstelle,	Serial interface (3.5mm jack) can be connected to USB or RS232 interface of a PC
	Analogausgang	via electrically isolated interface adapter USB3100, USB 3100 N, GRS3100 or
	Analogausgang	GRS3105 (see accessories). Alternative selectable analoge output 0-1V
Measuring cell		Four-electrode-conductivity-measuring cell with integrated temperature sensor
weasuring cen	Electrode material	
	Schaftmaterial	
		epoxy
	Abmessungen Arbeitsumgebung	dia. 12 mm, length 120 mm -5 +80°C (continous) bis +100°C (short-duration)
Diaglas	Arbeitsumgebung	
Display	ione	4 digit 7-segment (main and secondary display) with additional symbols
Additional funct		Min / max / hold
Adjustment/Cal	ibration	Cell correction manually or automatically via selectable reference solution
Data logger		Real-time clock
		Cyclic: 10000 data sets, cycle time selectable: 1s 60 min
		Single: 1000 data sets (with measuring point input, 40 selectable measuring point
Alarm		texts or numbers)
Alarm		2 alarm channels with separate limit values for conductivity (or resistivity, TDS, SAL)
		and temperature Alerting: buzzer / visual / interface
Hausing		•
Housing	Protection class	Break-proof ABS housing Front side IP65
	Dimensions	142 x 71 x 26 mm (L x W x H)
Marking conditi	L*W*H [mm]	-25 to 50 °C; 0 to 95 % RH (non condensing)
Working conditi		-25 to 50 °C, 0 to 95 % KH (non condensing)
Storage temper	alure	
Power supply	Cumant	9V-battery, typ IEC 6F22 (included in scope of supply) or external
	Current	2 mA (Out = Off)
	consumption	Automotically if bottom, exhausted A and ' b At '
Auto Off Fundati	Battery indicator	Automatically if battery exhausted \(\Delta \) and 'bAt '
Auto-Off-Funktion		Device will be automatically switched off if no key is pressed/no interface
		communication takes place for the time of the power-off delay. The power-off delay
		can be set to values between 1and 120 min.; it can be completely deactivated.
EMV		The device corresponds to the essential protection ratings established in the
		Regulations of the Council for the Approximation of Legislation for the member
		countries regarding electromagnetic compatibility (2004/108/EG). Additional fault:
		<1%